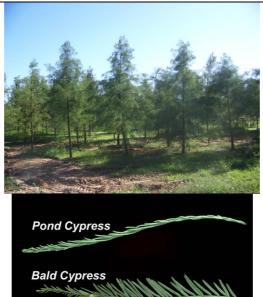
POND CYPRESS

TAXODIUM ascendens 'Pond' Cypress







 Height:
 50-80'

 Spread:
 20-25'

 Shape
 Pond

Pond-cypress (*Taxodium ascendens*) is very similar to bald-cypress (*T. distichum*), and has been considered a variety of that species by some authorities. Most recent experts, however, now believe that pond-cypress is a distinct species. Pond-cypress has awl shaped or scalelike leaves which are closely appressed and overlapping on the twigs, whereas bald-cypress has linear leaves which spread out and are arranged in two ranks on opposite sides of the twigs. The branchlets of bald-cypress tend to spread horizontally outward, while those of pond-cypress are more ascending. Pond-cypress isn't as prone as bald-cypress to have knees, and when it does, they tend to be shorter and more rounded. Pond-cypress is usually more columnar than bald-cypress

Foliage:

Fall Color: Yellow to bronze

Hardiness: 4-11

Comments: Light: Pond-cypress does its best in full sun.

Moisture: Like bald-cypress, pond-cypress grows well on dry upland sites even

though it doesn't occur there naturally.

Hardiness: USDA Zones 5-11.

Leaf: Linear or awl-like and small, 3/8 inch long, held close to the twig, green to yellow-green.

Flower: Males in long (3 to 5 inches) hanging panicles, females are small and occur near branch tips.

Fruit: Nearly round cone with peltate scales, 3/4 to 1 inch in diameter, initially yellow-green but turning brown and breaking into individual scales when mature.

Twig: May be deciduous or not. Slender, covered with tight scale-like foliage, later brown and rough as needles age and fall off; buds rounded. Typical deciduous branchlets ascend vertically from branches.

Bark: Fibrous and shreddy, red-brown and gray where oxidized. Thought to become thicker than that of baldcypress.

Form: Medium sized tree with a pyramidal crown, clear bole and often buttressed base, generally smaller than baldcypress.

